## Sizing E-Commerce

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For

**ACOSM 2000** 

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#### Introduction

- The purpose of this session is to discuss the problems associated with sizing web based applications
- Tony Rollo, UKSMA management committee
  - Independent consultant in software metrics
  - Operates as an associate of Software Measurement Services (SMS)

#### **Topics of Discussion**

- What problems triggered this investigation?
- Some sizing examples
- What problems were encountered
- Conclusions & further work

#### **Current Practice**

- At the moment there is no agreed mapping of web-based applications to
  - ◆ IFPUG
  - MkII
  - ◆ COSMIC
- So practice is different
- and ideas spread slowly

#### What motivated this study

#### Current practice is unsatisfactory

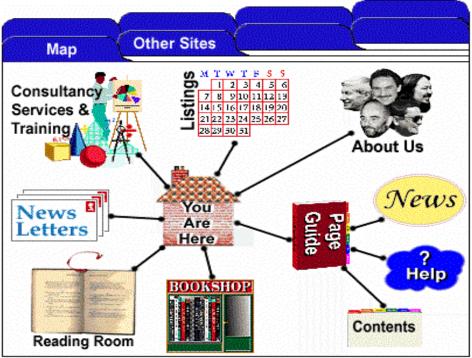
- there is an increase in the number of web based applications
- there are only a few 'experienced' counters
- cannot be sure of standard of count

### Sizing Examples 1

- Basic web site
- Minimal interactivity
- Provides information only



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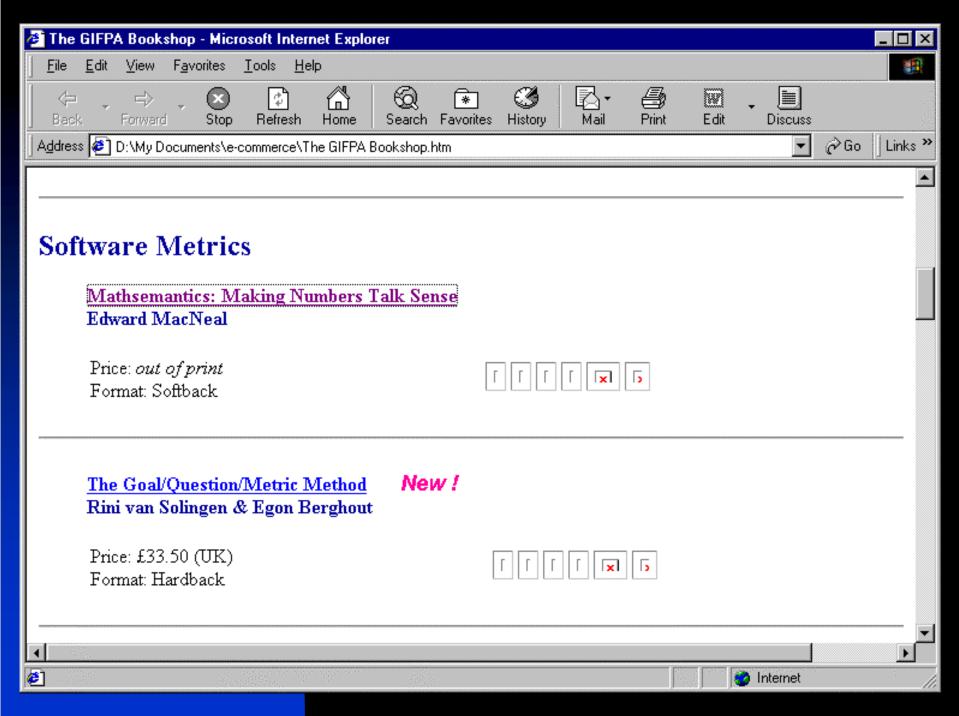
#### **Consultancy and Training**

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#### **Listings of Events & Courses**







#### Web Site ILF's

- The first thing is what are the internal logical files?
- IFPUG 4.1 requires an ILF to be
  - A group of data that is logically related and user recognisable
  - Maintained by an elementary process of the application
- We have data that meets the first of these rules
- But not the second

#### Web Site EIFs

- If the files are not ILF's, are they EIFs?
- IFPUG 4.1 requires an EIF to be:
  - A group of data that is logically related and user recognisable
  - The group of data is external to and referenced by the application
  - The group of data is NOT maintained by the application
  - The group of data is maintained in another application as an ILF

#### IFPUG White Paper

- IFPUG publish White papers
  - ♦ Web Sites
  - Client Server
- Intended as guidance
- NOT approved by CPC

#### White Paper on Web Sites

#### Discusses Files as:-

- the logical group of data is either an ILF or an EIF
- depending on how and where the data contained on the Web Site is maintained
- and provided that the data is maintained by a User using available tools.

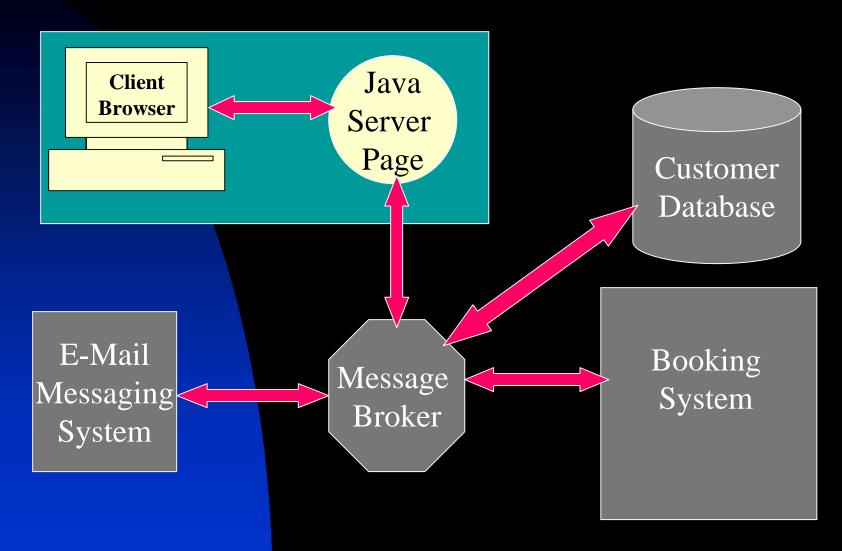
#### **SMS Web Site**

- Has data stored in Files
- This data is updated by the developer
- So whichever description you care to use
  - ◆There are no Files
- We can argue that the data is maintained at the User's request so
  - ♦ We can treat them as EIFs
  - ◆But it's a fudge

## Sizing the SMS Site – the Fudge method

- OK, so if we call them EIFs then there are 11 EIFs. All simple
- The Transactional Function types consist of 27 Queries again all simple
- Size = 11\*5 + 27 \*3 = 136
- Effort was approx 840 hrs +-25%
- Time to deliver was 6.18 hrs/UFP limits 4.6 7.7

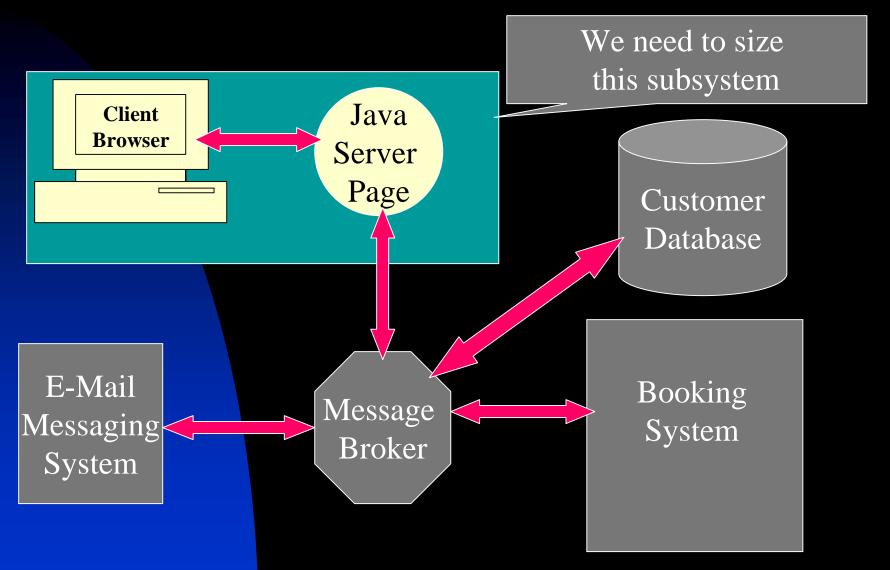
#### Sizing Example 2 – Shipping bookings



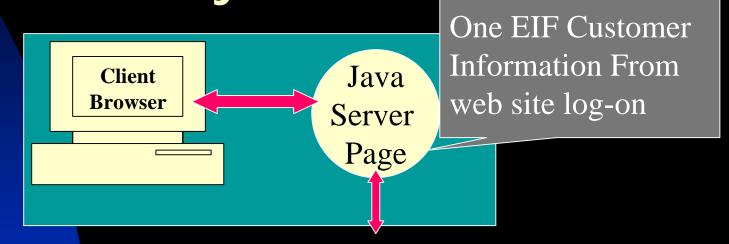
#### What's the Problem?

- A system to allow shippers to book space for containers on a ship
- Straight forward extension of the current booking system
- BUT we are only sizing the web subsystem

#### Sizing Example 2 – Shipping bookings

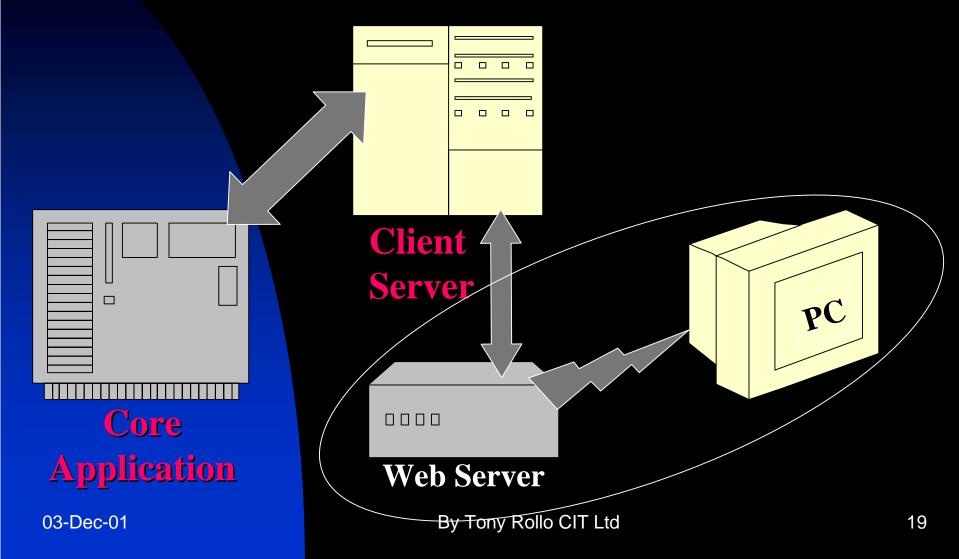


There are No Files Certainly No ILFs\_

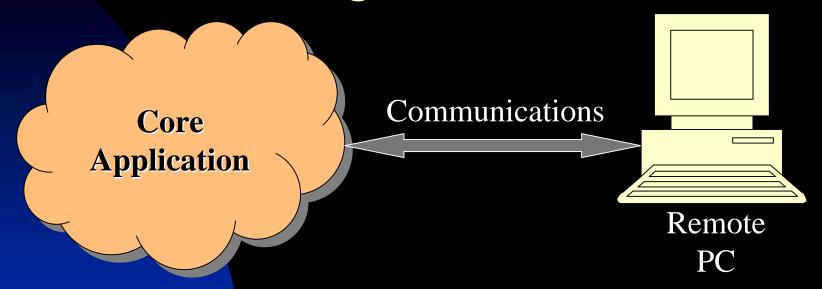


A User is any person that specifies Functional User Requirements and/or any person or thing that communicates or interacts with the software at any time

## What's going on?



### The Logical View



So what we have is the same as a remote terminal

We should size this as an enhancement to the core application

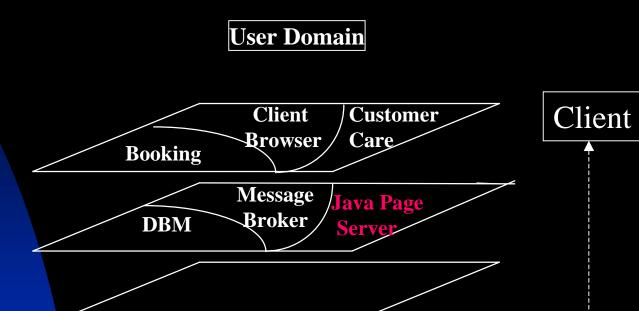
#### What will that mean?

- IT Management needs to size the web site
- Productivity will look low with 1 EIF
- We could use the fudge approach
- We need a method that allows us to size the web site

#### So let's try COSMIC-FFP

- Functional sizing measure
- Across wide range of domains
- World wide usage
- Compatible with ISO 14143-1
- Best principles of current methods

#### Allocation of Requirements



**Disk** 

**Device Drivers** 

Operating system

Application

Middleware

**Device Domain** 

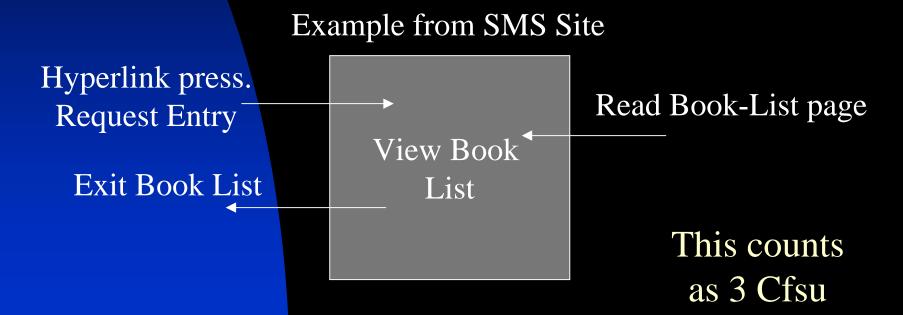
**FAX** 

Printer

Server

#### What This Means

- We can now size our Web Sites
- Because we can always identify the Data Movements



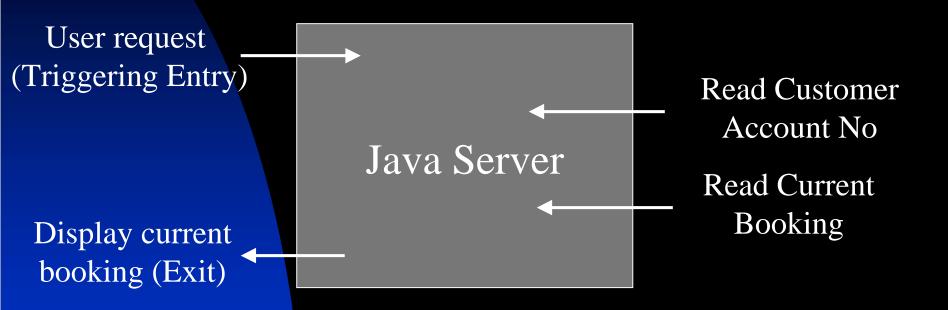
#### **SMS Web Site**

- Consists of 28 Processes
- These contribute 3 Cfsu's each
- Hence the functionality available to the User on the SMS Web Site is 84 Cfsu

#### **Booking System – Some Functions**

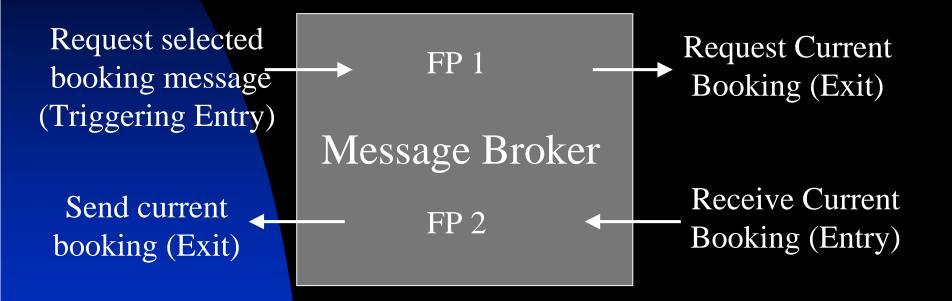
- View bookings list
- View existing booking
- Get Customer Details
- Edit existing booking
- View trading partner list
- View current trading partner
- Enter partners to booking
- Enter transport chain details
- Enter cargo container details
- View terms of transport

# View Booking List: The PC as the User of the Java Server requests to retrieve a current booking



Functional Process size = 4 Cfsu

# (Aside: how does the Message Broker handle the request to retrieve a current booking?)



Assumed answer = two Functional Processes, each 2 Cfsu

#### Conclusion

- Current IFPUG method rules need amending to work properly for sizing Web Site front-ends to existing systems
- The COSMIC FFP method appears to work
- We now need COSMIC based data for estimation, benchmarking etc.